The Daily Sentinel.

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The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

POOR NORTH CAROLINA.

The present condition of this unfortunate State is most deplorable. In former years it was inhabited by a people in the enjoyment of the fullest liberty—one too which know how to appreciate its blessings. The population of this old State is one of the most Conservative and strictly honest and honorable in the world, and the whole internal polity of North Carolina was worthy of such a people. In no State were the laws more equitable, and in none were the rights of person and property more secure. The internal improvements were constructed upon a farseeing plan and they were raising the State to wealth. The educational system was expanding to meet the requirements of the age. The public debt was comparatively small and easily manageable, the taxes were hardly felt by the people; and to crown all, its noble Judiciary for learning and purity was unmatched in America.

If there was ever a State whose condition and whose laws were near perfection, that State was North Carolina. It came as close to the fabled utopia as could be reached on this earth.

Now see the change under the rule of the arch Secessionist, Holden. The men of influence, character and property are excluded from political position, and the government of the Old North State is in the hands of the lowest portion of its white population, carpet-baggers from New England, and negroes.

The former laws have been altered by the adventurers so as to suit themselves, and by them they have given themselves authority to commit any acts of despotism that Holden, the carpet baggers and negroes may determine upon. The educational system is to be used only as a means by which to feed ignorant Radical teachers and to debase white children by association with negroes. The taxes are to be raised to a point calculated eventually to confiscate property.—The pure judiciary of past years is to be filled entirely by starveling Northern pettifoggers, who, from want of character or sense, could not obtain employment in their own section; and to cap the climax of all these frightful changes, the State is to be governed by the bayonet in the hands of Holden's militia!

Truly the fate of North Carolina is a terrible one; but its noble population have determined to abide their time with patience, knowing that deliverance is at hand. The election of Seymour and Blair will lift the yoke from their necks, and this long suffering people will yet have the privilege of managing their own affairs and of reforming their own government. They will then adopt all measures rendered necessary by the changed condition of things, adopting all enlightened measures demanded by the spirit of the age, but, wherever practicable, recurring to the principles of their old government, than which a better one never existed in America.

Citizens of North Carolina, bear your present afflictions as best you may. Possess your souls with patience for the time, knowing that the flood of Jacobinism will soon run its course, and that your glorious old State will ere long lift her noble head as proudly as ever.—*Norfolk Journal.*

BE ON THE ALERT.

The following capital advice to Conservatives and Democrats, we clip from the Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph*. Read and act accordingly:

"But the scheme is now being deliberately followed up, and materials are being gathered every day, if possible, to fire the Northern heart against the Democratic ticket.—In Tennessee the notorious Brownlow is busily engaged in fanning a flame of discord, and using all his arts to provoke violence, which shall be proclaimed on every Northern stump as proof positive of a rebellious and insubordinate temper in the South, and a secret purpose in the Democratic party to encourage the temper.

"No matter what may be the explanation—what the reason—where the true responsibility for any acts of violence, whenever and wherever they occur, be sure that they will be manipulated so as to strike a damaging blow at the Democratic cause in the Northern States. Look at the New Orleans riots, for example.

"The most foolish and ridiculous acts of the most crack-brained enthusiast will be charged to the account of the whole Southern people. The carpet bag Governor of South Carolina says he has been served with a Ku Klux notice to quit the State, or he will be murdered. If he has such a letter, doubtless it is the work of some crazy and irresponsible simpleton. But how many votes will that lose the Democratic ticket in the North?

"We believe we have victory in our hands, if we do not choose to *endanger it by anything which shall lend color and strength to the great Radical trick of the campaign.*—Let every Democratic voter remember that he *who commits, or connects, or incites to violence of any sort, whatever may be his motives or feelings, is practically a formidable enemy to Democratic success and the recovery of our lost liberties.*

"We cannot be too careful; we cannot harmonise, conciliate, and gather strength too much. We cannot be too solicitous, in the midst of so much that is inflammable, provoking, and exasperating, to maintain the utmost order and temper, and play out the game with sense, discretion, and judgment. Let the extremist, the violent, the excitable, be careful that by their indiscretion they do not become instrumental in striking down the Northern Democracy in a campaign where everything now augurs the most satisfactory results.

"We have said enough to indicate the grand danger of the campaign. Will not every Southern Democrat do his best to avoid it? *Keep the peace. Refrain from all violence: provoke none. Be active—secure every vote you can. Conciliate every influence possible to support the ticket.*"

THE COLORED DEMOCRATS.—A prominent feature in the Democratic Ward Club procession on Friday night was the presence of over three hundred colored Democrats. We are glad to note this, as it is an indication of the return of reason. The colored people, we think, begin to realize that their true interests lie with those of the white people of the South.—*Charleston Courier.*

The Radicals harp on Grant. They don't allude much to that Jew's harp he played in Tennessee.

GEN. HANCOCK ANNOUNCES HIS INTENTION OF SUPPORTING THE DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

LOUISVILLE, July 27, 1868.

The following correspondence will explain itself:

LOUISVILLE, July 13, 1868.

MAJOR GENERAL HANCOCK:—I deem it proper to direct your attention to statements made by the radical press, to the effect that you are greatly dissatisfied with the results of the National Democratic Convention. The object of the statement is to create an impression that you do not acquiesce in the judgment of the Convention, that your friends do not, and in consequence Seymour and Blair will not have their cordial support. I wish you to know, General, I have taken the liberty to pronounce these statements false, and to assure those who have spoken to me on the subject, that nothing could cause you more regret than to find your friends, or any of them, less earnest in supporting the ticket which has been nominated than they would have been had your own stood in the place of Gov. Seymour. S. T. GLOVER.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 17, 1868.

S. T. GLOVER, Louisville:

MY DEAR SIR:—I am greatly obliged for your favor of the 13th inst. Those who suppose that I do not acquiesce in the work of the National Democratic Convention or that I do not sincerely desire the election of its nominee know very little of my character. Believing, as I really do, that the preservation of the constitutional government eminently depends on the success of the democratic party in the coming election, were I to hesitate in its candid support I feel I should not only falsify my own record, but commit a crime against my country. I never aspired to the Presidency on account of myself. I never sought its doubtful honor and certain labors and responsibilities merely for the position. My own wish was to promote, if I could, the good of the country, and to rebuke the spirit of revolution which had invaded every sacred precinct of liberty. When, therefore, you pronounced the statements in question false, you did exactly right.—Principles, and not men, is the motto for the rugged crisis in which we are now struggling. Had I been made the Presidential nominee I should have considered it a tribute not to me but to the principles which I had proclaimed and practised; but shall I cease to revere these principles because by mutual political friends another has been appointed to put them into execution? Never, never. These, sir, are my sentiments, whatever interested parties may say to the contrary, and I desire that all may know and understand them. I shall ever hold in grateful remembrance the faithful friends, who, hailing from every section of the Union, preferred me by their votes and other expressions of confidence, both in and out of the Convention, and shall do them all justice to believe that they were governed by patriotic motives, that they did not propose simply to aggrandize my personal fortunes, but to save their country through me, and that they will not suffer anything like personal preferences or jealousies to stand between them and their manifest duty. I have the honor to be, dear sir, very respectfully, yours,

WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.

GETTING READY.—One L. Jordan, a Chicago negro, is preparing for the new order of things that is to come with the negro millennium, when the Anglo Saxon shall be driven to the kitchen and African sit in the parlor. This negro, who thinks he sees the "colud 'premacy" in full blast after November next, maketh ready for "nigger superiority and white inferiority," and goes in already for white servants to black mistresses, as indicated in the following "Want," cut from a Chicago journal:

"WANTED.—In a respectable colored family, a white woman to do general house work. Apply at No. 73 Carroll street. No Irish need apply. L. JORDAN."

NOT AS GOOD AS CUFFEE.—It is said that Radical Senator Conness opposed the ratification of the treaty with China because it concedes too much in the way of rights and privileges to our Chinese "men and brethren." He is one of the hypocrites who forced negro suffrage upon the South.

MISCELLANEOUS.

41 Fayetteville Street.

ARRIVED.—Western Empire Cook Stoves, complete, Chimax Furnaces, Brass Kettles ALSO,

Coffee and Cut Loaf Sugars, Rio, Laguira and Old Java Coffees,
50 kegs Cut Nails.
Best Horse Shoe Nails.

Raleigh, July 30-tf J. BROWN, With Hart & Lewis.

TWENTY SACKS PRIME RIO COFFEE. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY POCKETS FINE LAGUIRA. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.
July 24-tf

TWO HUNDRED LBS. TEAS Imperial, Gunpowder, &c G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND LBS. WESTERN BACON, arriving. G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FLOUR—THE BEST. Warranted. G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

ONE HUNDRED LBS. BEAUTIFUL RICE. For sale by
July 29-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CALL AND SEE OUR SUGARS. G. T. & W. C. STRONACH

1.000 LBS ENGLISH SODA. G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY-FIVE BBLS. CUT HERRINGS 10 half bbls. G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

50 VERY LARGE TUBS. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS EXTRA "C" SUGAR. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS. COMMON SUGARS. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CRUSHED AND PULVERIZED SUGARS. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FIFTY BARRELS PORTO RICO AND CUBA Sugars. For sale by G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!
500 bushels White Corn at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SUGAR! SUGAR!! SUGAR!!!
15,000 lbs. Sugar, different grades, on hand at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!! MOLASSES!!!
2,000 gallons Molasses at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANDY! CANDY!!
500 lbs. Fresh Candy, just received at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP. Just received by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT. For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER. For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE. Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Meal, Meal, Meal.

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS AELL.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

500 BUSHELS. For sale at low price.
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

10.000 LBS. RIB SIDES Just received by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Family Roe Herring.

20 HALF BARRELS. In Store and for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel. Just received by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5.000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
30 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE. Just received by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1.000 BUSHELS CORN.—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SOLE LEATHER,

TRUNKS, VALISES, LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.
10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5-tf At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.
25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5-tf At ANDREWS'.

10 CASKS ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

50 DOZ GASS FRESH PEACHES
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

1.000 BUSHELS OF CORN. Just received.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS, Fayetteville St.

5.000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL,)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.
Jan 29-148-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY 500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs. TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

CATSUPS AND SAUCES. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picalilli, at TONNOFFSKI'S
Mar 18—tf

FINE WINES, ALES LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c. At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

10 CASES CANNED GOODS, At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Mar 18—tf

Cotton Yarns.

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale. JAS. M. TOWLES, Commission Merchant.
July 16-1w

41 Fayetteville Street.

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars. J. BROWN.
Raleigh, July 15-tf With Hart & Lewis.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

GENUINE IMPORTED

WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:
"Carte Blanche"
"Bonzy Exquis"
"Fleur de Sulery,"
"Heidsick"
Choice N.C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.
Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" Brandy
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 14-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CORN. 1,000 bushels now in store.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

Cheese! Cheese!
Just received a lot of Chedder Factory Cheese.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Seed Wheat.

CHOICE MARYLAND SEED WHEAT. A limited consignment
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 23-tf Auc'rs and Com. Merchants.

BACON.
Choice N. C. Hams, Sides, and Shoulders. Also Western Shoulders, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 20-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

Sugar! Sugar!
An assorted supply just received.
July 20-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Just Received and For Sale.

FIVE BBLS. SYRUP; Corn Whiskey and Cut Herrings, cheap.—Labrador Herrings, large, bright and good, at $7 per bbl.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 30-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale.

40 SHARES RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK Stock.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 30-tf Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.

HAMS! HAMS!
Another lot of beautiful Family Hams.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

COTTON SEED MEAL. For Milch Cows.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auc'rs & Com. Merchants.

For Sale,

FORTY SHARES OF N. C. R. R. STOCK.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 24-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
June 17-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED **By an Impure State of the Blood.**

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
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W. A. DOUGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING M. D.
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence.

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.
Jan 31-148-1y

Rib Sides.

FIVE THOUSAND LBS RIB SIDES. 25 bbls. Roe and Cut Herrings, for sale low, to close, by DOUGLAS BELL.
July 29-tf

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world.* It has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and the least of expenses. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society, a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *surest and best method known*; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan desired.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the truest of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
Jan 28-146-tf Lexington, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With licenses under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,	$ 1 25
10 do do do	2 25
50 do kegs do	10 00
200 do barrels, do	35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Projector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 3 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; largest packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of Sores, scratches and Chafes of all kinds. 40 cents (per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $5 00.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the laundry. Send for a descriptive pamphlet.
June 25-3m

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA,

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsack's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. june 12-1Aug5

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,
AT
NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at ours, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE.

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett sts.,
June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN;

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS &c.,

At the old stand of **S. H. YOUNG.**

Nov. 27—96-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS, GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*
April 30-tf

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,

STONE JARS,

JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.

Just received at

THOS. H. BRIGGS'.

July 16-tf

RALEIGH

SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to.
July 16-tf THOS. H. BRIGGS, Proprietor.

COLLINS & HEATH,
81 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cooks Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, University Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Boston Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Pistol Cocks,	Spoon Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stores in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Baths, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
May 15-1y

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Farmers and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb 7-154-tf

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake county, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. R. Rogers, Administrator, and J. R. Rogers against Sam'l. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door in the City of Raleigh, on the 29th day of Aug., 1868, at 12 o'clock, M., all the Real Estate of the late Sam'l Rogers subject to the widow's dower.

The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.

TERMS.—Twelve months credit.

The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.

J. ROWAN ROGERS,
July 18-4w Commissioner.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT DESIRE TO BE)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD. UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R.!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great Through Freight Air Line* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of shippers, North and south, for the last few years, as the new Tennessee shippers are now pouring their freights, patiently awaiting the good time coming, when we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

ROUTE,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignments to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Route*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Lines, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich st. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Florida, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 20 Light Street Wharf.

C. E. ALLEN,
Aug 6-305-tf Freight Ag't, Raleigh, N. C.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 20th 1868.

On and after May 20th, 1868 Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.45 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	5.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	3.15 P. M.
" arrives at Raleigh	10.00 A. M.

The Mail Trains make direct connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McIlhenny, Esq., Hon. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. I. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Louisburg; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd "
100,000 White Oak " Heading, } *Norfolk Inspection.*
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Hhd "

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

DR. JORDAN,

OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and created Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.
Norfolk, Va., June 15 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,

June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

FARM PEACHES!!

50 dozen 2 lb., Cans (Iqd.) $4 00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (Iqd.) $8.00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again

Apply to E. H. POGUE
Feb 19-104-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

Important to Printers.

A GOOD PRINTER, capable of conducting a good Weekly paper, of reliable character and sober habits, or a gentleman with some means, who is desirous of becoming an Editor, can hear of a situation in an Episcopal community, in the Eastern part of the State. The necessary materials and a fair business can be had, on moderate terms, for the continuation of a weekly paper, on application to

June 18-2w EDITOR OF SENTINEL.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

FOR THE accommodation of our contemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the
Apr. 8-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$3.00
Six months	4.00
One year	8
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4.00
" " six months	2.0
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2.00
" " six months	1.0

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1868.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

IMPORTANT LETTER.

We are permitted to make the following extract from a letter written by one of the ablest men in North Carolina, and, indeed, with out a superior in his department in the U. S. His logic is irresistible. When the author is known, it will add ten thousand votes of peace-loving men to the Grant and Colfax ticket:

"Many say rather than submit to let the negro vote and hold office we are for war. I say no, 'let us have peace.' The country needs repose. The last war nearly ruined us; another will finish the job. The New York Convention proclaims "the reconstruction acts of Congress unconstitutional, revolutionary and void," omitting the word *null*, lest it should raise unpleasant reminiscences of the days of nullification, when it required the strong arm of Jackson to keep us out of war. If the acts of Congress are *null and void*, so are the reconstruction measures of Andrew Johnson, and it still follows that the negroes are slaves. But it is said slavery and secession are dead issues. How or why? Admit, however, that the only purpose is to deprive the freedmen of the right to vote and hold office, can that be done without a civil war? History furnishes no instance in which four millions of people have been reduced to vassalage and deprived of all political rights. It is against the order of nature. They say we are going to do it by the ballot, not by the bayonet. How? The freedmen have now the right to vote. If they do vote the Constitution cannot be amended. To keep them from voting it will be necessary to act *practically*, on the doctrine; the reconstruction acts are unconstitutional, null and void. Those who advise such a course are nullifiers, and their success renders war inevitable. It is absurd to talk of the peaceful success of their schemes, which requires the colored man to resume his shackles and the existing State governments to surrender to the revolutionists."

A friend has handed us the *Standard*, containing the above. We do not *know* the author, or to whom the *Standard* refers as "one of the ablest men in North Carolina and indeed without a superior in his department in the United States." Such eulogies upon unknown persons have but little weight with the public, because they are always regarded as extravagant and partizan, and designed to give an extraneous importance to the views presented, which they do not possess intrinsically. This must be emphatically so in the present case, as neither the high sounding pretensions of the *Standard*, nor the "logic" of the man who "has no superior in his department in the United States," strike us with great force, much less with "irresistibility."

The *Standard* narrows down the inquiries of its readers to a very small compass, and if the extract from the letter were of such a character as to impress the public mind greatly, the anxiety to know the author must become intense. But the *Standard* evidently misjudges vastly the intelligence of the public, when it supposes that the name of the author, when known, will add thousands of votes of peace-loving men to Grant and Colfax. What better evidence could be given of the imbecility, on the one hand, or the knavery, on the other, in any given number of *peace-loving* men, who would vote for Grant and Colfax in the feigned or real hope of getting *peace!* One may as well look for balmy breezes and blooming roses under the North Pole, as peace and quiet from that quarter.

Great names have but little weight with us, *except* when backed up by great deeds or great thoughts. For we have learned that 'great' men are not *always* wise. In the above case, we are not impressed with the greatness of the man, by the greatness of the thoughts presented. They are not statesman-like, nor do they exhibit genius, or great profundity, or far reaching wisdom. The extract indicates rather a utilitarian proclivity, one which looks closely to the weather guage, and whose counsels are of "a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush" sort. We are impressed, from the extract, with the quiet, easy philosophy of the author, who, like Diogenes, was content with his position, if he could hold it, so people would get out of his sunshine. He is much more of a *politician*, we judge, than a *statesman*, for what statesman narrows down the *situation* to the simple proposition, "rather than submit to let the negro vote and hold office, we are for war!"—When he says, "I say no, let us have peace; the country needs repose," he rises above his little "Utica." But when he says, "the last war nearly ruined us; another will finish the job," he sinks back into his *tub*, and seems to mean, "stand out of my sunshine."

No friend of the Union—yea, no statesman,—ever desired or sought war in this Republic. Especially, now, does every statesman, and every friend of the country, desire "repose." Why is it that the country has no repose? The Radical party, whose leaders are Grant and Colfax, and in whose interest the above letter seems to have been written, has had undisputed control in the country for more than three years. During all that period, it has been actively *reconstructing* it, professedly with a view to peace. Has peace come? Can there be repose, so long as the causes of discontent remain and are constantly augmented? Do you call that *repose*, which is only produced by being held to the ground by Grant's bayonets? Elect him and Colfax, and what hope have you of the removal of the bayonets? When Grant says "let us have peace," what does he mean but that the Imperial Republic or the Empire is *peace*?

Negro suffrage and negro office holding are not the sources of our trouble. They are the effects of a policy, which has deprived us of a Constitution and of a free country. The disturbed condition of the country seeks repose in the restoration of the Constitution and of the Federal Union. The Radical party does not promise to give us these by the election of Grant and Colfax. The New York Convention proposes to restore them by the election of Seymour and Blair, and, hence, "declares the reconstruction acts of Congress unconstitutional, revolutionary and void." Why use the word *null*? Was it needed? Are not unconstitutional laws void, when law and order rule? Are not revolutionary acts void, when the revolution is estopped?—And are not void laws and void acts *null*? How could the New York Convention omit the word *null*, *for fear* of raising unpleasant reminiscences, if, when the triumphant Democratic party comes to apply *practically* the declaration that the reconstruction acts are unconstitutional, null and void, they become nullifiers? Such logic is not very transparent, even if it be "irresistible."

"If," says the writer of the above extract, "the acts of Congress are null and void, so are the reconstruction measures of Andrew Johnson, and it still follows that the negroes are slaves." Not necessarily and practically. The reconstruction acts of Congress have never received the approval or sanction of the government or people of the United States. It is not denied, that they have never been sanctioned by the Executive or Judicial departments of the government, but that both of those departments regard them as revolutionary and unconstitutional. If the writer of the extract were a Judge, would he not declare them unconstitutional, and, *therefore*, null and void, unless he chose to shirk responsibility? But the New York Convention speaks by the book, when it says that slavery and secession are dead issues, and the writer of the extract simply plays the demagogue, when he intimates that the supporters of Seymour and Blair would disturb either of them. The war killed slavery and secession, both, as dead as Julius Cæsar, and every school boy knows it. Andrew Johnson's scheme of reconstruction, then, so far as the abolition of slavery is concerned, is not null. For, besides the incorporation of it in the Constitution, irregularly if you please, and though it be *technically* illegal, yet it has had the sanction of every department of the government and the concurrence of the whole people, so emphatically, that it is *irreversible*, and the question is forever put beyond cavil or controversy. Not so with the reconstruction acts of Congress, and upon them the people will pronounce their condemnation with such emphasis, in November, that the hand of resurrection will not reach them.

The writer says the freedmen have now the *right* to vote. If they have the *right*, it must be either natural or derived. Who gave them that *right?* If you say Congress gave it to them, the question recurs, how did Congress acquire the *right* to give them that *right?* So far as the Constitution of the State confers that right, it is invalid, for the reason that all the powers conferred by the Constitution, of any sort, are conferred by the votes of the negroes themselves, who either usurped the right or it was given by a power that had no right. Will the writer of the above extract say, that the negroes of the South have a *valid, legal and constitutional right* to vote? If not, all that he says is mere badinage and demagoguery.

"But the negroes will not submit to it.—It is against the order of nature for four millions of people to be reduced to vassalage and deprived of all political rights."—Such is the logic of the writer. Have not eight millions of white people, for three years, been reduced to political vassalage, who never called any man master, and been deprived by Congress of all their political *rights*, which they had always enjoyed?—Are those eight millions less valiant, or less able to cope with the strong arm of the government, than the four million blacks are? No, but this writer says, the negroes cannot be deprived of the right to vote and the right to hold office, without war. Then, according to his logic, it is war to deprive freedmen of the right to vote and hold office, but it is peace to deprive men who were *born free* of those rights. It is war, if negroes are deprived, but it is peace to deprive white men!

As to the negroes, their *normal* condition in this country was one of vassalage—the war freed them and no Conservative ever thinks of again putting shackles upon them. But as to *political rights*, they *never* had any, and, according to the theory of this government, they *never can have any*, until the white people, who constitute legally and constitutionally the State, confer political rights upon them. They cannot be deprived of what they never had, nor can have under the State Constitution, unless the reconstruction acts are declared constitutional.

The people will declare them revolutionary and unconstitutional. The Democratic party simply propose to arrest the revolution, to turn out the revolutionary party and *restore* the Constitution and the Federal Union. Can such a purpose be called revolutionary? Can such actors be called nullifiers and revolutionists?

GRANT AND COLFAX mean war, revolution and the Empire!

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR mean Peace, the Constitution and the Federal Union!—Hence we go for Seymour and Blair.

The Legislative Radicals are plotting to make civil war in North Carolina.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, July 31, 1868

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Nicholson, of Iredell.

A. H. Galloway, (negro,) presented a petition from certain citizens of the city of Wilmington, praying the General Assembly to make some provisions for defraying necessary expenses of Jurors of Inquest. Referred to appropriate Committee.

The following bills were reported from Committees with favorable endorsements, viz:

Bill providing for a Hydrographic survey of the State;

Bill to amend chapter 42, section 8, Revised Code, entitled "Entries and Grants";

Bill concerning the settlement of estates of deceased persons.

Mr. Blythe, from a special Committee, to whom was referred his bill to punish conspiracy, sedition, insurrection and rebellion, reported back a substitute for the same.

A message was received from the House, transmitting a resolution on *per diem* and mileage, providing as follows, to-wit:—Speakers $9, members $7, Clerks $8, Doorkeepers $7, and 20 cts. mileage.

On motion of Mr. Respass, an amendment was made, allowing Speakers $10.

Mr. Lindsay moved to strike out $7 for members, and insert $6.

Mr. Robbins moved to amend the amendment and insert $5.

Mr. Rich moved to amend by inserting $8, which he afterwards withdrew, by request, and the *per diem* for members was finally put at $6, by the following vote:—Ayes 23, nays 19.

Mr. Lindsay moved to amend the *per diem* for Clerks by striking out $8, and inserting $6.

Mr. Moore, of Carteret, moved to amend the same by inserting $10.

The ayes and nays were called and the motion was lost,—Messrs. Bellamy, Colgrove, Galloway, negro, Hayes, and Moore, of Carteret, voting in the affirmative,

Mr. Moore, of Carteret, then moved to amend and insert $9; which motion was lost. Messrs. Bellamy, Colgrove, Galloway, negro, Hayes, Moore, of Carteret, and Respass voted in the affirmative.

Mr. Etheridge moved to amend by inserting $8½; which was lost,—Messrs. Bellamy, Colgrove, Etheridge, Galloway, (negro,) Hayes, Moore, of Carteret, and Respass, voting in the affirmative.

A. H. Galloway, (negro,) moved to amend by inserting $8½; which motion was lost.

At this stage of the proceedings, Mr. Sweet protested against the action of Senators, in consuming the time of the Senate, by introducing so many futile amendments.

A. H. Galloway, (negro,) replied that he would inform the Senator that any Senator on this floor had the right to make any motion he desired, so that he was in order. *He* did not fear the consequences—*he* was no candidate for Congress.

Mr. Sweet replied that whilst the Senator had the right to make a motion in order, yet the House has the right to vote such frivolous amendments down, and he hoped they would do so. As to the implication that he was an office-seeker, he had done nothing, either by word, correspondence, or act, to give rise to such an impression.

Galloway replied that there was another way to accomplish this object, to wit: *through Agents.*

Mr. Sweet said he would hurl the insult back—that it was utterly without foundation and false.

Galloway replied that whether it was false or not, his (Sweet's) constituents had so reported him.

The Speaker called them to order.

Mr. Respass moved to amend ("*provided* no gentlemen will get mad at it") by allowing Clerks, $7½. The motion was lost—Messrs. Barrow, Bellamy, Blythe, Davis, Etheridge, Epps, (negro,) Galloway, (negro,) Hayes, Hyman, (negro,) Martindale, Moore, of Carteret, Respass and Shoffner voting in the affirmative.

Epps, (negro,) moved to amend and allow Clerks $7; which was finally agreed upon.

On motion of Mr. Lindsay, $6 *per diem* was agreed upon for Door keepers, and the mileage at 20 cents, as provided for in the Resolution, was adopted.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Shoffner: A bill to prevent the sacrifice of property under execution.

By Mr. Lassiter: A bill to incorporate the Union Emigrant and Transportation Company. Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Barrow: A bill to prevent frauds in the County Treasury.

By Mr. Shoffner: A bill to amend an ordinance in relation to the jurisdiction of the courts.

By Mr. Osborne: A bill concerning refunding bonds. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Winstead, the Code on Civil Procedure was taken up and passed its second reading.

On motion of Mr. Love, its further consideration was made a special order for to-morrow, at 11 o'clock.

Bill to amend an ordinance to aid the Williamston and Tarboro Railroad Company was taken up on its second reading and rejected.

ON CALENDAR.

Bill in relation to legal process passed its second reading.

Bill concerning the government of counties passed its second reading.

A message was received from the House, refusing to concur in the amendment of the Senate to the resolution on *per diem*, and asking for a Committee of Conference.—Agreed to. Senate branch of the Committee, Messrs. Osborne, Cook and Blythe.

On motion, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

FRIDAY, July 31, 1868.

House was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Smith, of the House.

Mr. Robinson, of Macon, arose to a question of privilege. He said that, in connection with the substitute which he had offered upon the subject of *per diem*, on yesterday, he saw, in the *Sentinel* of this morning, that the member from Robeson (Proctor) was quoted as saying "that those who voted for such *per diem* were not acting honorably, but were influenced by dishonest motives." He (Mr. Robinson) thought it was due to himself, as the mover of that substitute, to say that if the language used by the member from Robeson was intended to apply to him, that he denounced it as a vile slander and infamous falsehood, unbecoming any *gentleman* on the floor.

Proctor, (the Hinglishman,) said that the *Sentinel* report had expressed his sentiments, and that the gentleman could make the most of it.

Mr. White presented a memorial from the citizens of Perquimans county, asking an appropriation to clean out the head-waters of Perquimans River. Referred.

Mr. Parker offerred a memorial from certain citizens, praying the abolition of capital punishment. Referred.

Stilley presented a letter from some unknown scallawag in Currituck county, charging that Mr. Humphries was banned by the Howard amendment, and, therefore, could not hold his seat. He moved to refer the letter to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

Mr. Durham said that if such reference was made, he would move that the title of every member in the House be investigated. He believed that the titles of a good number of gentlemen on the other side would be found defective, on such ruling, if closely inspected.

Mr. Pou thought Mr. Durham's contemplated motion took too wide a range and Stilley's too narrow a one. He thought that all such charges should be based on good and undeniable authority.

Stilley said he would be glad if the House would suggest some better way to dispose of the letter than by reference, but he was not willing to see it treated with contempt.

Mr. Jarvis said that he thought *contempt* was the proper treatment to award such a letter. He did not think the House ought to notice a letter from an irresponsible man, making charges against a member of this House. He was not afraid of an investigation in the case of Mr. Humphries, and would vote for a resolution, in its proper shape, but would not consent to this House taking action upon a letter from an irresponsible man making unfounded charges. Mr. Humphries had been admitted to registration, after being challenged by one of the instigators of this rascally movement. He (Mr. Humphries) had not taken his seat upon this floor, until he had consulted Judge Dick and the Hon. John Pool. Both of *them* thought his title to the seat unquestionable.

Old Major Downing drowsily inquired what was the matter, and, on being informed, resumed his recumbent position, spreading his handkerchief over his face, and again tickled the ears of his neighbors by long drawn and melodious snores.

Seymour offered a resolution that, J. C. Humphries, being charged with being banned by the 14th. article, the Committee on Privileges and Elections be instructed to investigate his case, with the power to send for persons and papers, and to investigate a like case vouched for by any member.

Mr. Durham said that there was no proof in this case to warrant such a procedure—nothing save the assertion of an unknown person.

Stilley said the disabilities of the gentlemen were known to Stevens, of the House, and Etheridge, of the Senate.

Stevens, being called on, said that Mr. Humphries had been a magistrate before the war, and sheriff during the war.

Mr. Durham said that it was a strange thing that when there were so many Republican members on the floor, banned by the 14th. article, only Democratic and Conservative members were ever ejected from their seats. He cited the infamous conduct of the late Convention in such cases, and told the House plainly that they were none too good to follow the example of rascality set them by the late "so-called" Constitutional Convention.

[Seymour here amended his resolution, but the Reporter could not catch its substance.]

Mr. Durham moved to lay the whole matter upon the table and called for the yeas and nays. The call was sustained and the motion lost by a vote of yeas 22, nays 58. (Party vote.)

Mr. Durham then moved the indefinite postponement of the matter and demanded the yeas and nays upon the motion.

The call was sustained and the motion was rejected by a vote of yeas 27, nays 61.

Mr. Jarvis offered the following substitute:

Resolved, That the Committee on Privileges and Elections be instructed to inquire into the case of *any* sitting member of this House, who is alleged by any member of the House, to be banned by the Howard amendment, and report the name of the same to the House.

2d. That the Committee have power to send for persons and papers, to enable them to make a fair investigation of *all* cases.

The previous question (gag-law) being moved by Seymour, Mr. Jarvis was only allowed a minute to show that his substitute applied alike to all members of the House. Mr. J. said it had been stated that others on this floor were under the ban.—Let the action of the House, to-day, have *the same effect* upon all, and he would cheerfully support it, but he would protest against the passage of the original proposition because it did not have that effect.

Mr. Durham moved that the matter be postponed until the 3rd Monday in November next, as this matter had been sprung upon Mr. Humphries in a sudden manner, without any notice being given him, and that, as it had been determined to adjourn on the 10th. of next month, in justice to Mr. Humphries, time should be given him to defend himself.

Seymour (from somewhere "up Narth") insisted that the motion to postpone was out of order, as he had called the previous question.

Mr. Durham contended that a motion to postpone to a day certain took precedence of the previous question, and called attention to the ruling in the Senate.

The Chair ruled *adversely* to Mr. Durham!!!

The call for the previous question was sustained, and the question recurred upon Mr. Jarvis' substitute

The yeas and nays being called upon its passage resulted yeas 42, nays 43, as follows:

AYES—Messrs. Armstrong, Boddie, Barnett, Barnes, Banner, Clayton, of Chowan, Clayton, of Transylvania, Cherry, (negro,) Cawthorn, (negro,) Davis, Durham, Farrow, Gatling, Gibson, Grier, Hodnett, High, Hinnant, Hawkins, Ingram, Jarvis, Kelly, of Davie, Long, of Caswell, Long, of Chatham, Leary, (negro,) Moore, Matheson, Nicholson, Pou, Parker, Proffitt, Robinson, Smith, of Allegany, Smith, of Martin, Sinclair, Short, Shaver, Thompson, Williamson, (negro,) Whitley, White and Williams.

NAYS.—Messrs. Ames, Ashworth, Carson, Cherry, (negro,) Crawford, (negro,) Downing, Ellington, Estes, Foster, Gahagan, Gunter, Gilbert, Hutchings, (negro,) Harris, of Wake, (negro,) Horney, Hodgin, Hayes, (negro,) Justice, of Henderson, Justice, of Rutherford, Kinney, Kelly, of Moore, Laflin, Mayo, (negro,) Morrill, Morris, (negro,) McCanless, Peck, Proctor, Pearson, Robbins, (negro,) Ragland, Rea, Rhodes, Stilley, Simmons, Seymour, Stevens, Sykes, (negro,) Siegrist, Vestal, Wilson, Wiswall and Waldrop.

Seymour's resolution was then adopted. (An infamous proceeding throughout.)

A communication from Hon. Chas. Manly was received and ordered to be printed.

A bill from the Senate, in relation to the Chatham R. R. Co., was taken up and referred.

By Seymour: A bill in relation to holding Courts in the city of Newbern. Referred.

Mr. Barnett, from the Committee on Corporations, reported favorably upon the bill in regard to the representation of stock owned by certain counties in the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherfordton R. R.

Mr. Bowman moved to suspend the rules and take up House bill No. 80, which defines the duties of Superior Court Clerks.—Carried.

Seymour, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported various amendments, which were adopted, and, after a good deal of discussion, the bill passed its final reading.

The bill specifying the time of holding Courts in different Counties was taken up, and, after a long discussion and some few amendments, passed, as reported by the Committee.

Mr. Pou called up the bill regulating the admission of Attornies to the bar. The bill was taken up and passed its second reading.

Upon being placed upon its third reading, Mr. Durham opposed it, on the ground that it was calculated to lower the dignity of the profession.

The bill, however, passed its third reading.

On motion of Laflin, (c. h.) the rules were suspended, and the bill allowing the air-line Railroad of South Carolina to extend their road within the limits of this State to Charlotte, was taken up.

Foster, (whom Sinclair calls "vinegar cask" and "mummy doctor,") wanted the bill printed, but it was objected to.

After some little debate, the bill passed its several readings.

After some further unimportant business, the House, on motion of Mr. Sinclair, adjourned.

MARRIED:

On the 23rd ult., in the Presbyterian Church of Pittsboro', by the Rev. W. H. Bobbitt, of the Methodist Church, Capt. N. A. Ramsey to Miss Ann S., daughter of the late Maj. John Thompson.

DIED:

In Chatham County, on the 19th ult., Mrs. Julia C. Bynum, widow of the late Turner Bynum. She was an excellent member of the M. E. Church, South, and died in great peace.

At the residence of his son, Rev. James B. Avirett, Winchester, Va., at 4 o'clock, Monday afternoon, July 29, 1868, John A. Avirett, Sr., in the 71st year of his age.

This gentleman for over forty years was one of the most successful planters in North Carolina, and his home—"Loch Katrine Hall"—was the seat of a delightful hospitality.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED.

A situation as TEACHER by the advertiser, who has had nine years experience, and can give the best of references.

Address Miss ELEANOR MIDDLETON,
Care of Dr. W. B. MILLER,
Aug. 1-1w* Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED!

A SITUATION AS SALESMAN in either a Dry Goods or Grocery Store, for the remainder of the year. The very best reference given. Address W. W. WOODEL,
Raleigh, Aug. 1-1w

Meal, Meal, Meal.

TWO HUNDRED Bushels PRIME WHITE BOLTED MEAL, Just received by
Aug. 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NOTICE.

ON SATURDAY, THE 22D DAY OF AUGUST next, I shall expose to public sale, on the premises, by virtue of an order of Johnston County Court, the following Tracts of Land, belonging to the estate of Edwin S. Sanders, deceased, on a credit of six and twelve months, to-wit:

One Tract, containing 151 acres, known as the White Oak Lands. One Tract lying on Swift Creek, about four miles West of Smithfield, containing 910 acres. One other Tract joining the above tract, containing about 300 acres. On said land there is a good Mill site and Mill-house and two good dwellings with necessary outhouses.

Said lands will be sold in tracts to suit purchasers.

Any person wishing to view the lands, will please call on the undersigned or Wm. H. Lancaster, who resides on the premises.

JOHN W. HODGES,
Aug. 1-2awtd Executor.

Arrangements Perfected!

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH a House
FROM BOTTOM TO TOP
With **House Furnishing Goods**. Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.

Through our present Partner in New York, we will furnish PUBLIC and PRIVATE HOUSES with all that is required, using our best judgment and taste in the purchases.

If desired, the whole will be bought on commission.

Aug. 1-tf W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

SUMMER CAMPAIGN!!!

1868.

GOOD NEWS TO BUYERS!

M. ROSENBAUM,

HAVING CONCLUDED TO CLOSE OUT HIS ENTIRE Stock of

CLOTHING,

Consisting, in part, of

BLACK CLOTH COATS,
BLACK DOESKIN PANTS,
FANCY CASSIMERE SUITS,
(Suitable for Fall and Winter wear,)
SILK VESTS,
LINEN SUITS,
ALPACA COATS,
&c., &c., &c.

He offers the same

AT COST!

As they must be closed out in less than

SIXTY DAYS!!

ALSO a large assortment of Summer

DRESS GOODS!!

At 20, 22½ and 25 cents per yard—worth from 30 to 50 cts.

M. ROSENBAUM,
Aug. 1-tf No. 16 Fayetteville Street.

CAMPAIGN OF 1868!

Old Iron-Clad First in the Field!!

TUCKER'S

IRON FRONT BUILDING!!!

WE ARE AGAIN RECEIVING A NEW SUPPLY OF

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUMMER AND FALL PRINTS,
Bleached and Unbleached Domestics,
SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,
MUSQUITO NETTINGS,
FANS! FANS!! FANCY!!!
UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! & SHOES.
TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS!

Stock daily supplied by our resident Partner in New York.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
Raleigh, July 23, 1868-tf

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College,
FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:
Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

Wake Forest College, N. C.

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement, of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages it to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College, in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session)	$30.00
" " Collegiate Course, " "	35.00
Board per week in, private families (table fare)	2.50 to 3.00
Board, per week, with lodging,	3 0 to 3.75
Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session	3.00
Servants' hire "	3.00
Washing, per month,	1.50

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,
June 22-d&wtAug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

Mecklenburg Female College.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address

THE PRESIDENT,
July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

Thomasville Female College,
THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $40 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And as the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "college girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address Rev. D. R. BRUTON,
June 24-d2aw.4wtl0th aug. President.

Edgeworth Female Seminary.

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE re-opened on the first Monday of September, with a full corps of Teachers.

The *entire* expense of Tuition, with Board, Washing and contingent fee, for a session of 20 weeks, will be, according to the class, either $105 or $110, or $116, if paid in advance, or $116.50 or $121.50, or $126.50, if paid half in advance.

Moderate extra charges will be made for ANCIENT and MODERN LANGUAGES, MUSIC, FRENCH, DRAWING and OIL PAINTING.

For Circulars, address J. M. M. CALDWELL,
July 10-eod1m Greensboro', N. C.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES.
RALEIGH, N. C.

The FIFTH TERM of this School will commence on MONDAY, the 3rd of August, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

Six pupils can be accommodated as boarders. Circulars sent on application

Dr. LACY'S School for Boys will be discontinued. He will give such instruction in the Girls' School as may be desired.

July 10-3awtd

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,
LEXINGTON, VA.

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
may 13-3tawlwfreowtsept1. Supt.

TO LAND OWNERS.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED, BY THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL AND MINERAL LAND COMPANY, Agent for all that part of North Carolina lying east of and including Catawba County, I am authorized to say, to any person or persons having 2,000 acres in one body, partially cleared and near a Rail Road, that if they will agree to subdivide their lands at the expense of the Company, the Company will purchase alternate lots at their assessed value for taxation or as ascertained by two disinterested parties, paying for the same in the Company's stock—the Company obligating itself to place a white settler on every 200 acres, so acquired, within three years, or, failing to do so, such land unsettled to revert to the original owner; the owner to retain possession until the land is settled.

The object of this system is to bring into the State an industrious and thrifty population and to enhance the value of our lands. It has been adopted in other States and is said to be working finely.

This Company was chartered by our Legislature of 1868. Land owners will please address me for particulars at Reidville, N. C.

May 23, 1868-wkswtf D. W. COUBTS.

Wheat Bran.

FIVE HUNDRED BUSHELS for sale on account of shippers, by
July 29-tf DOUGLAS BELL,
Commission Merchant.

BOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in this line of business.

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES,
Ag't N. C. Business Directory

BRANSON & JONES,
SUCCESSORS TO
Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols just received and for sale at

June 19-tf BRANSON & JONES' Bookstore, Raleigh.

New and Elegant Books,

JUST RECEIVED!

Globe edition of Dickens' Works.
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakespeare's "
" " Burns' and others
Abbotsford Waverly Novels.
All new, nice and cheap, at
July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'

MISCELLANEOUS

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

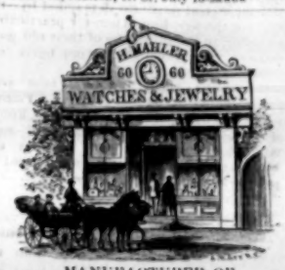
A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON,
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. TROLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868.

NOTICE

All claims against the late firm of 'Powell, Wilson & Co.' will be settled by the undersigned and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up. A. M. POWELL.

Catawba, Station, N. C., July 15-3awtw



MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—3m

LIME, LIME, LIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to deliver Lime at Salisbury Station at (12) twelve dollars per ton.

The freight on the N. C. R. R. is

From Salisbury to Concord	60c.	per ton.
" " Charlotte	$1.00	" "
" " Greensboro'	1.60	" "
" " Camp Sloan	1.40	" "
" " Hillsboro'	1.80	" "
" " Durham's	1.85	" "
" " Raleigh,	2.15	" "

A. M. POWELL,
Catawba Station, N. C., July 24-3aw6w

METROPOLITAN HOTEL,

FORMERLY

BROWN'S,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

POTTS & SHELLEY, Proprietors

July 25-2w

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.

W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

June 27-tJuly31

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

MARKET SQUARE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

July 23-tf

NEW SALOON!

JUST OPENED!!

THE FINEST LAGER BEER AND BILLIARD SALOON in the South, just opened opposite to

TUCKER HALL.

The best WINES, LIQUORS, &c., also to be had at the LOWEST PRICES.

Come one, come all, and judge for yourselves. Every GENTLEMAN will be waited on with politeness and respect, by

July 28-3m THIEM & MILLER.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1868.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

We are requested to announce that a Convention of delegates, from each Captain's District in the County of Wake, will meet at the Court House, in Raleigh, on the second Saturday, (being the 8th. day,) of August next, to appoint delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention, and to make such other arrangements as may be deemed necessary.

Our friends throughout the County are urged to hold meetings at once, to send delegates, and to form SEYMOUR and BLAIR Clubs.

All the friends of Seymour and Blair are invited to attend the County Convention.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Sale of valuable Real Estate in Johnston county, on the 22nd. inst.: Jno. W. Hodges, Executor.

Wanted—a situation as Teacher, by a lady who has had nine years experience, and can give the best references: Address Miss Eleanor Midgleton, care of Dr. W. R. Miller, Raleigh.

M. Rosenbaum, No. 16, Fayetteville St., continues to wage a successful "Summer Campaign." He communicates good news to buyers, to-day.

Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co., announce a new feature. They are prepared to furnish Public and Private Houses, from top to bottom, with everything necessary.

Prime White Bolted Meal: Douglas Bell.

Situation wanted as Salesman: W. W. Woodel.

THE LITERARY PASTIME will make its appearance in Raleigh, either to-day or on Monday. The admirably engraved likeness of Gov. VANCE, which it will contain, has been pronounced, by that gentleman's most intimate friends, equal to a Photograph. A biographical sketch of the Governor accompanies the portrait.

The *Pastime* will also contain a thrilling story, illustrated, written especially for it, by a gentleman distinguished in the department of romance; several original poetical pieces; essays; interesting correspondence, and other matters of general interest.

It can be obtained at the Bookstore of Messrs. Branson & Jones. Single copies 8 cents.

THE CAPITOL.—It was a source of much complaint by Holden, and others, during Gov. Worth's administration, that the Commons Hall was allowed to be used for lectures or addresses for charitable objects, even when, in every case, the party using it was required to pay for the lights and cleaning up. The *Standard*, now and then, would boil over in its wrath at such a desecration of the Hall. Now, the Radical party can hold party meetings, every night or two, in the Hall, at the public expense, and Holden and his friends think it all right!

GUILFORD.—The Greensboro Seymour and Blair Club had a spirited meeting on the 28th., when about sixty persons joined The Club was addressed by Hon. J. R. McLean, Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., W. E. Edwards, Esq., Col. Jno. A. Gilmer, and Maj. A. P. Sperry, of Baltimore. Twenty five delegates were appointed to the Democratic State Convention.

WILMINGTON.—The old Mayor and Board of Aldermen of Wilmington have surrendered to Holden's mongrel Board. In doing so, they protest, in behalf of the citizens of Wilmington, against "the tyrannical and anti Republican legislation of the present General Assembly," and declare that they only yield from apprehension of consequences that might be prejudicial to the true interests of the city. They further affirm their purpose, as citizens, promptly to institute such legal proceedings as may be necessary to test the constitutional questions involved in the legislation referred to.

YANCEY COUNTY.—A ratification meeting was held at Burnsville, on the 25th. ult., at which many of the oldest and best citizens of the county were present. The Hon. A. S. Merrimon, and David Proffitt, Esq., the excellent member of the "House of Representatives" from Yancey, were requested to represent the county in the approaching Democratic State Convention.

EXTRAVAGANCE.—The carpet baggers and scallawags are much exercised about *per diem* and *mileage*. They want a big price, but would rather not have their names down for it. The Conservatives are insisting upon a reasonable *per diem* for all hands.

It was a most mortifying exhibition, on Thursday last, to see the Speaker of the House descend from his position and publicly advocate $10 for himself and the Lt. Governor. Was ever such a thing before seen in the General Assembly of North Carolina?

LET THE PEOPLE REMEMBER.

That the Radicals intend passing a Police Force bill and a Militia bill, the expense of which will bankrupt the State. Why?—Because they mean WAR and nothing else but WAR! Let them go it! Conservatives and Democrats will provoke no WAR, but they will be ready for it, when it comes.

GOING BACK ON THEIR FRIENDS.—We noticed the fact, last week, says the Winston *Sentinel*, that two negro Magistrates had been appointed in this county, through the influence of John P. Vest, the Representative from Forsyth, who announced the fact by letter. The announcement fell like a bomb shell in the radical camp,—the small fry "cussed" and damned Vest and Holden, and the leaders went to caucusing, and dispatched immediately to Raleigh that the negro appointments must be rescinded, or it would kill the party in this county. For the sake of the party, Bob Waugh and Aleck. Vogler (the negroes) were taken off the list of Magistrates.

Let us have peace, says Grant. Grant's masters in Congress seek a new civil war at the South.

WORTHY OF IMITATION.

The example of the people of both parties, in the county of Union, is worthy of all praise. It ought to be imitated in every county in the State. The people, without regard to party, ought to meet and remonstrate with the General Assembly on the subject of a Police Force and arming a select Militia or volunteer force.

The people are unable to pay the enormous expense, and, instead of preserving order, it will produce discontent, exasperation and possibly bloodshed. Let the people denounce the proposition, every where, at all their public meetings.

Let them remonstrate with the extravagant schemes of the General Assembly.—Thousands are on the point of starvation, and yet the Legislature will beggar those who have a little, to pay high salaries to carpet-baggers, or promote some scheme of expenditure, which might be deferred to another period.

SPEECH OF MR. PUGH, OF OHIO.

At the late great Seymour and Blair ratification meeting in Cincinnati, Mr. Pugh, formally U. S. Senator, and one of the most able men of Ohio, made the following clear and definitive statements in endorsing the views of Gen. Blair:

"But what has Mr. Blair said to them? He has said that these bogus State governments are unconstitutional. They are. He has stated that they are outrages upon the people of these States. They are. He says they ought to be abolished. They ought to be, and they will be. (Loud cheers.) He has said that the whole power of the Government, the President, with the army and navy, is bound to restore to the people of those States a true representation in the Government. And so the President is. The Constitution says that he shall do so. It is the duty of this Congress to do so; and it is our duty to see it done, my fellow citizens.

Now, I say, with Mr. Blair, that such conduct is infamous, such State governments must be overthrown; they must have the power of choosing their own officers.—The offices of Senators and Representatives from those States, who are to sit with our Representatives, must be given to those who are in truth the white people of those States. I say that no white people will submit to such degradation as has been put upon the Southern people. I say, furthermore, that they ought not to submit. Gen. Grant may say "let us have peace" down to his dying breath, and there never will be any peace, there never can be any peace, while by this violent, lawless, and outrageous act the white race has been trampled under the foot of the black.

The way to have peace is to have justice. The way to have peace is to go back to the way of the Constitution. As I said, there is no end of the war; there will be no Union; there will be no liberty; there will be no prosperity, until the Republican Congress, and all who support its policy, are swept from power, and swept away forever."—(Tremendous cheering.)

WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.—We learn that Holden's policy of proscription, and his course in appointing negroes to control our Public Charities, negro magistrates, &c., are creating great excitement in the Western part of the State, among those who voted for him in the late election. They were told by their local Radical orators, that it was a "rebel lie" that negroes would be appointed to office, if Holden was elected and the new Constitution prevailed. They now see how grievously they have been deceived, and they are loud in their indignation.

By the way, the "Court Journal" here, in publishing "Gov." Holden's appointments, makes no "distinction as to color." We shall be glad if some friend in each county will inform us how many negro magistrates, &c., have been appointed in his county.

THE PUBLIC TREASURER has been authorized by the Legislature to borrow $100,000 to fill up the hole in the public chest that has been made by the successive and multifarious grabbings of the "trooly loil,"—beginning with a platform for a Radical celebration and ending with *soup*. What rate of interest is to be paid? Two per cent a month, or what? And yet all the new Sheriffs in North Carolina have funds in hand, turned over to them by their predecessors, which, if paid over to the Treasurer, (as proposed by Mr. Robbins,) would save the necessity of borrowing at extravagant interest!

A GOOD PLAN TO SAVE EXPENSE.—The Radicals at Washington, alarmed at the poor prospects of Grant and Colfax, have been cogitating upon the best plan to secure the Southern States to them, without fail. They have hit upon the following plan: To persuade the Southern Legislatures to agree to adopt the old system followed by South Carolina, to deprive *the people* of voting for electors, by general ticket, for President and Vice President, and to let the Legislatures cast the Presidential vote themselves. This would secure the Southern States to Grant and Colfax certainly, and then it would prevent the "necessity" of going to the enormous expense of a POLICE FORCE and an armed NEGRO MILITIA!

WHO'S AFRAID.—Holden and his minions think they will frighten the Conservatives and Democrats, by establishing an armed Police Force, and by arming the NEGRO MILITIA. They mean WAR. Let them go ahead.

THE NEW YORK *World*, a paper generally cautious in its predictions, says "It is our clear opinion that nothing can save the Republican party from a Waterloo defeat in November."

SENATOR DOOLITTLE has left Washington City *en route* for the Northwest, on an electioneering tour. He is to open the campaign at Chicago.

HON. REVERDY JOHNSON, our Minister to Great Britain, sails for Europe, to-day, from Baltimore.

"Arms! give us arms," is the cry of the carpet-baggers. Wait till next November, and in the precipitate rush of the Radical party towards Salt River, legs will be more in demand than arms.

A Philadelphia soldier proposes to carry a flag labeled Grant and Colfax on foot to Galveston. The Boston *Post* says: That is the only way that ticket can be carried.

For the Sentinel.

ANOTHER GREAT RATIFICATION MEETING IN CARTERET.

At a meeting of the Democrats and Conservatives of Carteret County, held at the Court House, on the 28th. ult., for the purpose of ratifying the nominations made by the National Democratic Convention, which assembled in New York City, on the 4th. day of July, and also to appoint delegates to the Conservative State Convention, which is to assemble in the City of Raleigh, on the 13th. day of August, and to the District Convention, recommended to be held in the town of Beaufort, on Thursday, 27th. day of August:

The meeting was organized by calling Dr. L. W. Martin to the chair, Messrs. A. H. Chadwick and John D. Davis as Vice Presidents, and W J Bushall and Geo. W. Charlotte as Secretaries.

On motion of W. V. Geffroy, a Committee of five was ordered to draft suitable resolutions.

The President appointed the following gentlemen: W. V. Geffroy, Rufus Bell, Elijah Springle, David W. Pigott, Thos. Arendell.

In the absence of the Committee, the meeting was entertained by Col. John M. Perry, who spoke with a great deal of feeling and urged the people of Carteret to rally to the support of Seymour and Blair.

The Committee on resolutions, through their Chairman, made the following report.

Resolved, That the Conservative party of Carteret County hail, with sincere satisfaction, the Platform of Principles adopted by the National Convention at New York, and will strive earnestly and diligently to secure their success, as the only sure mode of restoring fraternal relations between all sections of the country.

Resolved, That we cheerfully endorse the nominations made at New York; recognizing in Horatio Seymour, of New York, and Francis P. Blair, of Missouri, statesmen of great experience and merit, and that we will labor with unswerving fidelity for their triumph in November.

Resolved, That we recommend to our fellow-citizens of this County the most thorough organization; the formation of Clubs; the appointment of working Committees; the distribution of papers and documents, and the use of all honorable means to strengthen our party.

Resolved, That we cordially invite all men, regardless of past political divisions, to unite with us in support of the principles we have proclaimed and the candidates we have nominated.

Resolved, That the President of this meeting appoint seventy five delegates to attend the State Convention, to assemble in the city of Raleigh, on the 13th. of August, and also attend the District Convention recommended to be held in the town of Beaufort, on Thursday, 27th. of August.

The President appointed the following delegates, viz:

Philip A Koonce, E W Sanders, Dr J W Sanders, Elijah S Bell, Levi T Oglesby, Cornelius Tolson, Sol H Bell, J L Bell, W W Ward, Wm F Howland, Dr E L Perkins, Dan'l S Weeks, Thomas Arendell, A J Phillips, Dr W C Jones, Thos L Hall, Benj T Taylor, Rufus W Bell, Wm Hardesty, Ben H Bell, Elijah Springle, John W Russell, Lockhart Gibbs, Stephen Chadwick, Jas Ward, John L Guthrie, Elias Piver, John Dudley, Wm J Smith, Dr R E Walker, Geo W Taylor, Chas Lowenberg, J Henry Davis, Henry Rieger, Joel H Davis, W V Geffroy, James C Davis, W F Piver, Q A Robbins, D S Sanders, W J Potter, B Fuller, Benjamin Hoe, A Garner, M Wood, Col John M Perry, T P Whitney, Thos Thomas, A J Fulcher, W C Lewis, Church Bell, W C King, Geo A Hatsel, W H Congleton, Tyre Moore, Dr Sam'l Leffers, Richard Whitehurst, Josiah F Bell, James O Connell, J G Roberts, John Leffers, John M Whitehurst, Dr Richard Leffers, A Willis, Isaiah Davis, John S Smith, Edward G Davis, L W Styron, W H Styron, John Lupton, Joseph Taylor, Christopher Lupton, Richard D Styron, Joseph Roberts, Wallace Styron, L H Fulcher, W T R Bell, David Pierce, C C Pierce, Washington Styron, John B Wolff, Allen Davis, Jr.

On motion of James Rumley, the report was received and unanimously adopted.

The President then introduced Col. John F. Wooten, of Lenoir County, who addressed the meeting at some length. His remarks were good, and he dealt Radicalism some very heavy blows. He was loudly cheered. We trust he may visit us again during the campaign.

On motion of Q. A. Robbins, the proceedings were ordered to be published in the Newbern *Journal of Commerce* and Raleigh *Sentinel*.

On motion of W. F. Piver, the officers of this meeting were included in the list of delegates, when, on motion, the meeting adjourned.

L. W. MARTIN, Chm'n.
GEO. W. CHARLOTTE, } Sec'ts.
W. J. BUSHALL. }

AUCTION SALES.

Saturday, August 1st.

WILL BE SOLD, AT TOWLES' AUCTION, (sale to commence at 10 o'clock)

1 Good Buggy and Harness.
1 Set Double Harness.
1 Good Mattress and other household articles.
A Lot of damaged Provisions, Hams, Mackerel, and a great variety of Dry Goods &c.

On Friday evening previous, sales of Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Gentlemen's Summer Hats, Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters and Slippers Dress Goods and Fancy articles.

JAMES M. TOWLES',
July 31 2t Auctioneer.

New Family Flour.

JUST RECEIVED, a lot of new FAMILY FLOUR, on sale at reasonable rates

JAS. M TOWLES,
July 31-1w Commission Merchant.

REFINED SUGARS!!

A. C Ex. C Refined Yellow, and Crushed.—Just received from the best Refineries, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 31-tf

EXCELLENT FLOUR!

TILL ON HAND!!

I have to-day received another lot of Garnett's Suggnor Flour, which is for sale by the barrel and in smaller quantities, to suit purchasers. This Flour is always warranted.

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 31-tf

Corn, Corn.

300 BUSHELS CORN.

For sale cheap, by

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

To Teachers.

THE TRUSTEES OF OXFORD FEMALE Academy will elect a Principal for that Institution, on the 1st of September next.

They desire to secure the services of a Teacher, whose character and acquirements will afford a guarantee of the best kind of School. To such an one they will offer liberal terms.

For information, address either the President or Secretary of the Board.

J. S. AMIS, President.
A. LANDIS, Sec'y.
July 31-d1w3wtSept1

University of Virginia.

THE FORTY-FIFTH SESSION of this institution will begin on the 1st day of Oct. 1868, and end on the Thursday before the 4th of July, 1869.

The organization of the institution is very complete, embracing extensive and thorough courses of instruction in Literature and Science and in the professions of Law, Medicine and Engineering.

Estimated expenses—exclusive of books, clothing and pocket-money—of the *Academic* student $360; of the Law Student $360, and of the Medical Student $365.

For particulars send for Catalogue to William Wertenbaker, Sec., or S. MAUPIN,
Chairman of the Faculty.
July 31-2w² P. O. "University of Va."

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 31, M.

The troops in the District are to concentrate at Lincoln Depot, and are to be reinforced by Dupont's Light Battery of the Fifth Artillery.

The alleged object of the concentration is to form a complete school of instruction.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 31, M.

Cotton steady at 29½.

Spirits Turpentine quiet and firm at 54@55.

Rosin, firmer; strained common 13.

Tennessees 63½; new 56. Virginias, new, 56.

Gold 145.—Sterling 10½.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 31, P. M.

The Freedman's Bureau in Maryland, except for educational and bounty purposes, is discontinued.

General Stoneman contemplates no immediate or ultimate sweeping changes in Virginia's civil officers.

Miner's strikes in Pennsylvania are again under headway.

The stock in the National Life Insurance Company has all been taken by capitalists, headed by Jay Cooke. The charter, recently granted by Congress, authorizes Agencies in all States and Territories, and it is proposed to run the machine in connection with National Banks.

The Congressional *Globe* publishes Butler's reply to Henderson, under the bold faced caption "HENDERSON WOUNDED." Butler captioned the speech himself, and the proprietors of the *Globe* felt bound to follow the copy.

FROM RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, July 31, P. M.

The Republicans of this State are greatly dissatisfied at the failure of General Stoneman to remove the officers disqualified under the fourteenth Article, and an appeal has been made to Gen. Grant for his action in this matter. The Conservatives in the campaign are quite lively here with flag raisings and meetings, about four nights in the week.

FROM GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, July 31, P. M.

The Senate resolved to sit in secret session today. No reporters are allowed. The members are not allowed to divulge the proceedings.

House proceedings are of a local nature.

The Inaugural Ball came off last night at the National Hotel. A large crowd of whites and negroes, numbering some three hundred, gathered in front of the Hotel, and cheered Grant and Colfax.

The crowd called for a speech from Gov. Bullock, who appeared and said:

"*My Countrymen and Friends*:—I am glad to see voters for Grant and Colfax awake, and hope you will be ready next Fall to cast votes without fear or reward. Thanks, gentlemen, for this *distinguished honor*. With these few (and remarkably brilliant) remarks I bid you a pleasant good night."

At the Republican Hall, Joshua Hill made a speech in favor of Grant and Colfax.

FROM NEW ORLEANS—LIE EXPOSED—LEGISLATIVE, &C.

NEW ORLEANS, July 31, P. M.

The member of Gov. Warmoth's staff, mentioned in last night's Washington dispatches is a humbug Gov. Warmoth has no staff. The Seymour Knights and Blair Guards, represented as "rebel regiments reorganized," are Democratic Clubs, of which the city is full of similar ones lately organized.

Well posted Republicans don't know who the member of Gov. Warmoth's staff, as he represents himself, is.

Notice was given in the House, to-day, of a bill to authorize the Legislature to elect Presidential electors.

FROM PENNSYLVANIA—TERRIBLE FIRE RAGING IN OIL CITY.

OIL CITY, July 31, P. M.

A fire commenced early this morning. Fifty buildings burned. Fire still raging.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 31, P. M.

Cotton more active—a half better. Sales of 2,000 bales at 30.

Turpentine steady at 44@45. Rosin firmer, 8@7 Gold active at 1,44½

BALTIMORE, July 31, P. M.

Cotton steady at 29½@30

Flour firm and active. Prices unchanged.

WILMINGTON, July 31, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firm at 40. Rosin quiet; pale, 4,75; No. 1, 3,50; strained 2.05. Tar advanced to 2,50.

N. W. N. C. RAILROAD.—At a meeting of the Stockholders of this Road in Salem, on the 23d inst., the following gentlemen were elected Directors: E. Belo, H. W. Fries, E. A. Vogler, R. Gray, D. H. Starbuck, W. P. Henley, D. W. C. Benbow, C. E. Shober, T. B. Keogh.

E. Belo, Esq., was elected President. The selection for President is a good one. The Directors have secured the services of a complete and thorough-going business man, and one who will devote his time and attention to the interests of the road.—*Winston Sentinel.*

B. P. WILLIAMSON,

No. 4 EXCHANGE PLACE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

SOLICITS Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, and all kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Dealer in all kinds of Heavy and Fancy Groceries, Hardware, Fine Brandies, Wines, Whiskies and Gins, Bagging, Rope and Twine.

AGENT FOR SALE OF:

Cotton Gins and Presses.
Straw Cutters and Corn Shellers.
Wheat Threshers and Wheat Fans.
One and two-horse Plows, of all descriptions.
Gum and Leather Belting and Hose of all sizes and kinds.
French and Swiss Bolting Cloths of all numbers.
French Burr and other Mill Stones.
All kinds of Mill and Brass Castings; Bridge Castings, Bridge Bolts and Forgings furnished on short notice.

SOLE AGENT FOR SALE OF JOHNSON & ALLEN'S THIEF GUN in North Carolina.

We ask a trial from all, and guarantee satisfaction to all who try us.

B. P. WILLIAMSON.
Raleigh, N. C., July 31-2w

WASHINGTON COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, Va.

THE NEXT SESSION opens 3rd Thursday in Sept., 1868, and closes 4th Thursday in June, 1869. The Faculty consists of

GEN. R. E. LEE, PRESIDENT,

with Professors of Latin, Greek, Mathematics, Modern Languages, Moral Philosophy, History and English Language and Literature, Applied Mathematics Natural Philosophy, Chemistry and Law and Equity. These are distributed into: 1 Faculty of Arts; 2 Faculty of Science; 3 Faculty of Literature and Philosophy; 4, Faculty of Law. In each of these is conferred a distinct Bachelor's Degree, and the Degree of *Master of Arts* is open alike to students in each course. In the Department of Science are conferred, also, *Professional Diplomas* of Civil Engineer and Mining Engineer. By the aid of a full corps of assistant Professors, provision is made for thorough drilling in the Departments of English, Ancient and Modern Languages and Mathematics.

EXPENSES.—All necessary expenses need not exceed $225.

For full particulars apply to

E. C. GORDON,
July 30-3w Clerk of Faculty.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. Ca.	60c
" Cape Fear	30
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	57
" Wilmington	50
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	30
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	30
" " (new)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other mark-table stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 29-296-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	33
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	25
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	30
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	5
" Wilmington	33
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	33
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old)	35
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miner's & Planter's Bank	40

July 27-135-tf

TO TOBACCONISTS.

We invite the attention of Tobacconists to our large stock of Branding Brushes, Inks, Gums and Flavoring Materials, such as

Oil Aniseed	Angelica or Eef Root
" Bergamot	Orris Root
" Cinnamon	Snake Root
" Citronella	Valerian Root
" Geranium	Cardamon Seed
" Lemon	Coriander Seed
" Mirbane	Fennel Seed
" Nutmegs	Aniseed
" Sassafras	Mace
" Wintergreen	Nutmegs
" Orange	Gum Senrax
" Allspice	Gum Arabic
" Cinnamon Bark	Gum Geddda
" Cloves	Sweet Oil, &c.
" Tonka Beans.	

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Corner Sycamore and Washington Streets,
July 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 27-tf Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

Horse and Wagon for Sale.

ONE HANDSOME YOUNG BAY MARE; good well in Harness and under the Saddle

One SPRING WAGON. Apply, for one week, to

B. F. WILLIAMSON.
Raleigh, July 31-6t No. 4 Exchange Place.

Davidson College, N. C.

THE NINETY-FIRST TERM opens on the 24th of September. A SCIENTIFIC COURSE and a PREPARATORY SCHOOL have been established in connection with the College.

The whole annual expenses for the scholastic year is from $200 to $230. The use of scholarships is now restricted to the original purchasers. For particulars, address

REV. G. WILSON McPHAIL,
July 30-3m5* President.

Grocery and Commission Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES to carry on, at his old place of business, on Hargett Street, the **Grocery and Commission Business** in its various branches.

He will always keep on hand everything usually found in a FIRST-CLASS Family Grocery establishment. There is no necessity for particularizing.

The stringency of the times compels him to adopt, strictly,

THE CASH SYSTEM!

Do not, therefore, send orders, or scrips, or make application for credit.

He will pay prompt attention to, and make regular returns on, account of all CONSIGNMENTS, to be sold on COMMISSION.

REFERENCES: Gov. Jonathan Worth and Jno. G. Williams, Esq., Raleigh.

RUFUS K. FERRELL.
Raleigh, July 21-1m

[copy]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and state of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Seal. Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,692.

STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-3ms.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

JULY 21, 1868.

ASSETS, $10,000,000.

No. INSURED 57,000

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS 50 per cent.

READ THE FOLLOWING EXTRACTS:

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD.—The Ætna is a Company that can be thoroughly trusted. It is sound, prompt, and progressive. It rests on a firm basis, pays its claims with alacrity, and goes on its way rejoicing. It has done, within the immediate neighborhood of Hartford, within the last year, a larger business than any other Life Company which indicates that a prophet has, for once, found honor in his own country.—*New York Insurance Monitor.*

(*Extract from N. Y. Insurance Monitor*, Oct. 1868.)

No Life Insurance Company ever achieved so complete a success as this popular institution.—Its popularity is altogether unprecedented in the annals of commercial enterprise in this country.

"A good man leaveth an inheritance."—*Bible.*

IN NORTH CAROLINA the Ætna Life Company has settled policies promptly to date, 17th July, 1868, $45,500 00, and another 5,000 is ready for the legal representative of our deceased fellow-citizen,

A. KLINE,

well known as a prudent and thrifty man of business.

Those who insure in the Ætna may be sure of a certainty for their friends, and that too upon terms as favorable as any first class Company can afford.

The Ætna is a tried Company.

Call on

W. H. CROW,
General Agent for the State,
Office, Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. MCKEE, Examiner.
July 21-1m.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 71
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 13
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 01
EQUITABLE	1 09
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States. Its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the handsome the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1-124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT. DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE.

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished to call, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 28—1868-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1868.

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95.00. Address

E. W. ADAMS, President.

July 11—law1Sept.1 Goldsboro'.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS, Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C. June 1-dawtm.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants.

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL,
} **Wilmington, N. C.,** *No. 32 North Water St.*

June 26, 1868-1y

Select Boarding and Day School, HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 20th and closes Dec. 10th.

Circulars furnished on application.

July 4-3awlm

MRS. A. M. GORMAN will accommodate a few boarders, on reasonable terms. Her residence is in a desirable part of the city, convenient to the Capitol, and not very far from the Central Depot. For further information, apply to

MRS. A. M. GORMAN.

July 29-tf

A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR A HOME.

BONA FIDE RAFFLE.

250 CHANCES, $10 EACH.

THE DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE IN WASHINGTON, N. C.

NO HUMBUG THIS TIME.

THE UNDERSIGNED OWNS A VERY VALUABLE FARM in the lower part of Beaufort County, about 30 miles below Washington, containing 300 ACRES, 50 of which is CLEARED and in a fine state of cultivation, with a

GOOD DWELLING

and all necessary out-houses, and the soil of the tract is of the very best quality. The

FARM

is at the head of North Creek, and within half a mile of good navigation, and within a day's sail of Newbern or Washington. The owner proposes to have the same

RAFFLED OFF

for the sum of $2500. 250 Chances at $10 Each, the Drawing to take place

IN WASHINGTON

as soon as the chances are all taken, under the direction of W. R. J. Burbank, E. S. Hoyt and F. B. Satterthwaite, Esqrs.

The undersigned refers to Messrs. Burbank, Hoyt and Satterthwaite, of Washington, and to R. W. Respess and W. C. Campbelle, of Williamston, as to the value of the farm, &c.

The Editor of the Tarboro' *Southerner* at Tarboro', R. W. Respess, of Williamston, and E. S. Hoyt, of Washington, will receive subscriptions, and the drawing will take place as soon as possible, after the chances are all taken.

W. O RESPESS,
Washington, N. C.

July 23-1m

Charlotte Female Institute, CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. } *Principals.*

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including *every* expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $120, per term of 20 weeks.

Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

REV. R. BURWELL & SON,
Charlotte, N. C.

July 11-2m

1868, SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs.
Petersburg.

April 1-tf

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates.

BRANSON & JONES,
Raleigh, N. C.

June 19-tf

44 Fayetteville Street.

FOR SALE.—A BELL OF BEST BELL Metal, and of excellent tone, suitable for a Church or an Academy. Weight 58 lbs. Will be sold cheap.

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.

Raleigh, July 28-tf

DRIED AND GREEN FRUIT.

We pay special attention to the sale of all kinds of Dried and Green Fruit at this season.

It will pay to ship fixed Green Fruit.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
Portsmouth, Va.

July 27-1m

ATTENTION, FARMERS!

Secure your Seed Wheat from the Genuine Bowden.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a consignment of this noted brand of Wheat, which we offer for sale at a reasonable price. As our Wheat harvest has fallen far short of a general crop, it is to the interest of our Farmers to secure their seed from this excellent brand. Call soon at

UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

July 21-tf

THE BEST COFFEE.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

1,000 LBS. N. C. BACON.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

July 28-tf

THIRTY SACKS GOOD RIO COFFEE.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION:

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys draws from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secury negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co-equal States; and that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS FOR CLUBS.

We have received letters from several sources, requesting us to send printed copies of a Constitution and By-Laws for the organization of Seymour and Blair Clubs.—Having none on hand, and no funds to print them, we have prepared the following Constitution and By-Laws, as a guide for Clubs, and submit them to the consideration of our friends. They were submitted to the Young Men's meeting to form a Seymour and Blair Club, in this city, on Tuesday night, and unanimously adopted:

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1st. This Association shall be styled the —— Club of —— of North Carolina.

ART. 2. The objects of this Association are as follows: To unite in close political compact every Democrat, Conservative, or by whatever name known, in North Carolina, for the support and defence of the Constitution of the United States; the promotion of the peace and good will of society and the harmony of the Union; the proper enforcement of law and order by legitimate forms, and the utter destruction of Radicalism everywhere, by the election of HORATIO SEYMOUR, of New York, as President, and FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri, as Vice President, and all other Democratic and Conservative nominees for any office; and, further, to promote the mutual benefit and protection of each other in all lawful pursuits, aiding each other in business, as being members of one great political family, seeking to promote each other's welfare, and especially to extend such aid to those who have been or may be ignored or proscribed by the Radical party, as the Association may be able.

ART. 3. The officers of this Club shall consist of a President, three Vice Presidents, a Recording Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary and a Treasurer, who shall perform the duties usual to such offices, and who, together with Five Directors, shall be elected annually at the annual meeting of the Association, and shall constitute an Executive Board, to whom shall be committed the interests of the Club.

ART. 4. This Constitution, and such By-Laws or Regulations as the Club may adopt, may be altered, amended or changed at any public meeting of the Club, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SUBSCRIPTION.

We, whose names are hereto annexed, do solemnly pledge our word and sacred honor, constantly and faithfully to promote the objects and aims of this Club as set forth in the foregoing Constitution, and do hold ourselves ready to defend the same, and to protect, to the extent of our ability, every member of this Association throughout the State.

BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

1. Every member of this Club shall sign and subscribe the Constitution, in order to recognition.

2. All monied contributions to the objects of the Association shall be voluntary, and shall be held by the Treasurer, who shall keep an exact account and disburse the same only on the order of the Executive Board, to whom he shall submit his accounts when ordered.

3. The Club shall order its public meetings when and where it chooses, and the President may call meetings when desirable, but the Executive Board, or such of the members as may be designated, shall select speakers and make all necessary arrangements

4. Each member of the Executive Board is hereby appointed a Committee to solicit names for membership, also monied donations for the objects of the Club, and to attend to the general interests of the Club, such as directing the correspondence, procuring and circulating documents, &c.

5. The Executive Board shall meet to transact the private business of the Club as often as it may order, (and the officers of the Club shall be *ex-officio* officers of the Board;) when the names of members shall be presented for registration or dismissal for good cause, to consider the financial business of the Club, and such other private matters as may be necessary. All members of the Club may attend the private meetings of the Board when convenient, and may give counsel, but the business of the Board will be determined by the vote of the Board itself.

6. Any member of the Club intending to move to any other section, may obtain a certificate of his membership in this Club, if he desire it, to be signed by the President and Secretary.

7. The Executive Board of each Club will give special attention to all matters of registration, voting, &c., see that all do their duty, and that the law is strictly observed, that all fraud or mal-practice is detected and duly punished.

REMARKS.

1. In South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and other Southern States, strong Democratic Clubs are being formed, composed of colored citizens. The Constitution above is so worded that it can be adapted to any place or persons. If Democratic Clubs can be formed entirely of colored persons, perhaps it will be best; but where there are few, the Clubs may decide to enter them on their registers or not, as they may elect.

2. We would suggest that Young Men's Clubs, everywhere, should embrace all young men, from 18 years of age, and upwards. Many old men are faint-hearted, timid, afraid to let people know their political *status*. Take in the young men, who have the pluck, and who may be educated to *love* the Constitution and the country, and who will always vote right, when they become of age. We need the ardor and boldness of youth, as well as the prudence and wisdom of age. The necessity for this, however, would be obviated, if the young men, under the age of 21, would form Clubs of their own.

3. We insist upon forming Clubs in every Ward, in every precinct and Captain's District in the State, where 25 or 30 members, and as many more as possible, can be obtained. The more the better. The talent and energy of all our people must be brought out. It will not do to let the old men and the old party managers do all the managing and the talking. We *must put every man* in some position to be useful. By having a Club in every Ward and every neighborhood, we can find room for a great many as officers and talkers and working men. We can have our Club meetings out of doors, these pleasant nights, by moonlight or camp fires, and there will be a chance for *every man*, who can make a talk, or a little speech, or a great speech, to do something in that line. Let the Clubs be formed. Bring out all our men to work for the Constitution and the country, and let us save them by the election of Seymour and Blair!

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

Wheat Thresher and Carrier.

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought, 25 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expenses of transportation from Baltimore

July 16-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

1,200 LBS. OF LARD,
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible. If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, for he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,

April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Dec. 14—110-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

Jun 30-td W. S. MASON, Commissioner.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.

June 26-1m*

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—44 WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving At

Feb 3-159-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

WHITE PEPPER. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three coordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year	$8 00
" " six months	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
" " three months	1 00
Weekly " for one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st, 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Hops, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves**, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

K. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Newspaper for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale, on accommodating terms, the Newspaper and Job Presses, Type, Inks, fixtures and all the other material pertaining to the *Fayetteville News* publishing and printing office, together with the "good will" and subscription list of the same.—Located in one of the largest towns and best sections of North Carolina, the only secular paper in all the tier of the nine counties of Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Cumberland, Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Montgomery and Richmond, the Fayetteville *News* offers first-rate inducements to the purchaser. During the past two years it has nearly tripled its circulation, but constantly increased its material—and paid for it—and will make, by a showing of its receipts, a very gratifying exhibit.

One of the proprietors having decided to remove to another State, and the other not feeling inclined or fitted to carry on the business alone, this sale has been deemed necessary; and the most satisfactory evidence will be given persons desiring to purchase, that the present proprietors of the paper are not about to abandon its publication from any failure of success

For particulars, address

H. L. & J. H. MYROVER,
July 18-law2w Fayetteville, N. C.

NEW SUPPLIES.

Toilet Soaps, Rosin Soaps, Mason's Blacking, Concentrated Lye, Black Pepper, Parlor Matches, Axle Grease and Copperas. Just received at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceeding, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right, 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment for a sum not exceeding $100), 2 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 2 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $100, 50 cents.

Exceeding $100 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found, 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, where by lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, in excess of one hundred dollars 50 cents.

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

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Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, where by lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one hundred dollars 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2.0 0 $1.50.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1.00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.) Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyance.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1,000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 16 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1.00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a conveyance.

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1 000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents. Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $70 $1.00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1868, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz.: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of acire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jural of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In the case of real estate, the law provides that the [illegible] must answer to the value of the property [illegible] agreed.

No [illegible] is